

***Medical-Surgical Nursing 8th edition Linton Test
Bank***

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Chapter 02: Medical-Surgical Practice Settings

Linton: Medical-Surgical Nursing, 8th Edition

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. While a home health nurse is making the entry to a service assessment on a homebound patient, the spouse of the patient asks whether Medicare will cover the patient's ventilator therapy and insulin injections. Which response by the nurse is the best response?
 - a. "Yes, Medicare will cover both the ventilator therapy and the insulin injections."
 - b. "No, Medicare will not cover either of these ongoing therapies."
 - c. "Medicare will cover the ventilator therapy, but it does not cover the insulin injections."
 - d. "Medicare will cover the ongoing insulin therapy, but it does not cover a highly technical skill such as ventilator therapy."

ANS: C

Medicare will cover skilled nursing tasks such as ventilator therapy, but common tasks that can be taught to the family or the patient are not covered.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Application OBJ: 3

TOP: Medicare Coverage for Home Health

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

2. The wife of a patient asks the nurse whether her husband would be considered for placement in a skilled nursing care facility when he is discharged from the general hospital. The patient is incontinent, has mild dementia but is able to ambulate with a walker, and must have help to eat and dress himself. Which is the most appropriate response?
 - a. "Yes, your husband would qualify for a skilled care facility because of his inability to feed and dress himself."
 - b. "No, your husband's disabilities would not qualify him for a skilled facility."
 - c. "Yes, your husband qualifies for placement in a skilled care facility because of his dementia."
 - d. "Yes, anyone who is willing to pay can be placed in a skilled nursing facility."

ANS: B

Placement in a skilled nursing facility must be authorized by a physician. A clear need for rehabilitation must be evident, or severe deficits in self-care that have a potential for improvement and require the services of a registered nurse, a physical therapist, or a speech therapist must exist.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Analysis OBJ: 9

TOP: Placement Qualifications for Skilled Nursing Facility

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment

3. A nurse has noted that a newly admitted resident to an extended care facility stays in her room, does not take active part in activities, and leaves the meal table after having eaten very little. Which type of relocation response is the resident exhibiting?
 - a. regression.

- b. social withdrawal.
- c. depersonalization.
- d. passive aggressive.

ANS: B

Social withdrawal is a frequent response to relocation.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 10 TOP: Relocation Response

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment

MSC: NCLEX: Psychosocial Integrity: Coping and Adaptation

4. A nurse clarifies to a new patient in a rehabilitation center what rehabilitation means. Which statement made by the patient indicates a correct understanding?
- a. "I will return to my previous level of functioning."
 - b. "I will be counseled into a new career."
 - c. "I will develop better coping skills to accept his disability."
 - d. "I will attain the greatest degree of independence possible."

ANS: D

The rehabilitation process works to promote independence at whatever level the patient is capable of achieving.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 7 TOP: Rehabilitation Goals

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation

MSC: NCLEX: Health Promotion and Maintenance: Coordinated Care

5. A nurse assesses a patient who needs to be reminded to take premeasured oral medications, wash, go to meals, and undress and come to bed at night, but coming and going as he pleases is considered safe for him. Which type of facility placement would be most appropriate for this patient?
- a. Skilled care
 - b. Intermediate care
 - c. Sheltered housing
 - d. Domiciliary care

ANS: D

Domiciliary care provides room, board, and supervision, and residents may come and go as they please. Sheltered housing does not provide 24-hour care.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 3

TOP: "Levels of Care, Criteria for Domiciliary Residence"

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

6. A nurse is making a list of the members of the rehabilitation team, so the different types of services available to patients may be taught to a group of families. Which lists should be used?
- a. Physical therapist, nurse, family members, and personal physician
 - b. Occupational therapist, dietitian, nurse, and patient
 - c. Rehabilitation physician, laboratory technician, patient, and family
 - d. Vocational rehabilitation specialist, patient, and psychiatrist

ANS: A

The rehabilitation team usually consists of all of the choices except the laboratory technician, dietitian, and psychiatrist. (The mental health role is represented by the psychologist.)

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 7

TOP: Rehabilitation Team Members KEY: Nursing Process Step: Planning

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

7. A nurse explains the level of disability to a patient who was injured in a construction accident that resulted in the loss of both his right arm and right leg. This loss has affected his quality of life and ability to return to previous employment. Which level should the client be classified as being disabled?
- I
 - II
 - III
 - IV

ANS: B

The patient is limited in the use of his right arm for feeding himself, dressing himself, and driving his car, which are three main activities of daily living. Therefore Level II is appropriate. He may be able to work if workplace modifications are made.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Application OBJ: N/A TOP: Levels of Disability

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

8. A nurse explains that in 1990, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) was passed. Which extended services for the disabled persons did this act provide?
- Covering the costs for the rehabilitation of disabled World War I servicemen by providing job training
 - Extending protection to the disabled in the military sector, such as wheelchair ramps on military bases
 - Extending protection to the disabled in private areas, such as accessibility to public restaurant bathrooms and telephones
 - Affording disabled persons full access to all health care services

ANS: C

The ADA of 1990 extended the previous legislative Acts of 1920, 1935, and 1973. The ADA now covers private sector individuals and public businesses in particular.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 8

TOP: Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

9. A frail patient in a long-term care facility asks the nurse if a bath is to be given this morning. Which reply is best to encourage independence and give the patient the most flexibility?
- "Based on your room number, you get bathed on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Today is Tuesday."
 - "If you want to eat breakfast in the dining room with the others, you may sponge yourself off in your bathroom."

- c. "When your daughter comes this evening, ask her if she can give you a bath."
- d. "I will bring a basin of water for a sponge off for right now. After breakfast, we will talk about a bath schedule."

ANS: D

The resident should be provided as much flexibility as possible and support for independence.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Application OBJ: 11
 TOP: Maintenance of Autonomy in Extended Care Facility
 KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation
 MSC: NCLEX: Physiological Integrity: Basic Care and Comfort

10. A computer programmer who lost both legs is being retained by his employer, who has made arrangements for a ramp and a special desk to accommodate the patient's wheelchair. Which disability level applies to this computer programmer?
- a. I
 - b. II
 - c. III
 - d. IV

ANS: B

Level II allows for workplace accommodation, which is the desk modification in this case.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Analysis OBJ: N/A TOP: Reasonable Accommodation
 KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A MSC: NCLEX: N/A

11. A partially paralyzed forklift operator is to be retrained by vocational rehabilitation services for less demanding office work. Which law provides for this rehabilitation?
- a. Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1920
 - b. Social Security Act of 1935
 - c. Rehabilitation Act of 1973
 - d. Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990

ANS: C

The Rehabilitation Act of 1973 provided a comprehensive approach and expanded resources for public vocational training.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge OBJ: 8 TOP: Rehabilitation Legislation
 KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation
 MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

12. The home health care nurse performs all the following actions. Which action is the only action that is reimbursable under Medicare payment rules?
- a. Observing a spouse cleaning and changing a dressing
 - b. Taking a frail couple for a walk to provide exercise
 - c. Watching a patient measure out all medications
 - d. Teaching a patient to self-administer insulin

ANS: D

Medicare reimburses skilled techniques that are clearly spelled out; these include teaching but not return demonstration-type actions by patient or family.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 4
 TOP: Medicare Reimbursable Actions KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment
 MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

13. Which assessment is correct for a patient with multiple sclerosis who requires being fed, bathed, and dressed?
- Disabled
 - Disadvantaged
 - Handicapped
 - Impaired

ANS: D

Feeding oneself, dressing, and bathing are activities of daily living. The patient is impaired in this scenario.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Analysis OBJ: N/A
 TOP: Principles of Rehabilitation, Defining Levels of Loss of Functioning Independently
 KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation
 MSC: NCLEX: Physiological Integrity

14. Which law initially provided for rehabilitation of disabled Americans?
- Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1920
 - Social Security Act of 1935
 - Rehabilitation Act of 1973
 - Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990

ANS: A

The U.S. government has passed four pieces of legislation to identify and meet the needs of disabled individuals with each one being more inclusive. The first one was passed in 1920.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge OBJ: 8 TOP: Rehabilitation Legislation
 KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A MSC: NCLEX: N/A

15. A client was admitted to a long-term residential care facility. Which information should the admitting nurse provide to the family to determine the basis for the concepts of long-term care?
- Amount of activities the resident can do for herself
 - Maintenance care with an emphasis on incontinence
 - Successful adaptation to the regulations of the home
 - Maintenance of as much function as possible

ANS: D

Maintenance of function and encouraging autonomy and independence are some of the basic concepts of long-term care.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 11
 TOP: Principles of Nursing Home Care KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation
 MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

16. A 58-year-old patient with diabetes is recuperating from a broken hip and is concerned about how to pay for rehabilitation. Which resource would provide funds for rehabilitation for this patient?

- a. Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1920
- b. Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- c. Disabled American Veterans Act of 1990
- d. Title V, Health of Crippled Americans 1935

ANS: B

The Rehabilitation Act of 1973 assists in paying for rehabilitation for those who are younger than 65 years of age and who will benefit from vocational rehabilitation through teaching.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 8

TOP: Legislation for Funding Health Care

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Planning

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

17. Which example describes community health nursing?
- a. Visiting patients in their homes after hospital discharge to assess their personal health status
 - b. Asking a nursing assistant (NA) to identify the health services most needed in the patient's personal life
 - c. Meeting with residents of low-income housing to identify their health care needs
 - d. Developing a hospital-based home health care service

ANS: C

Whereas community-based nursing looks at identified community needs and provides care at all levels of wellness and illness, community health nursing seeks to provide services to groups to modify or create systems of care.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 2

TOP: Defining Community-Based Nursing versus Community Health Nursing

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation

MSC: NCLEX: Health Promotion and Maintenance: Coordinated Care

18. Which statement best describes the home health nurse's activities?
- a. Conducting health education classes in a senior citizens' common residence building
 - b. Conducting blood pressure screening on a regular basis at a local mall
 - c. Visiting and assessing the home care and further teaching needs of a patient who has been recently discharged from the hospital
 - d. Acting as a nurse consultant to a chronic psychiatric section in a state institution

ANS: C

The home health nurse works with individuals in the home; the other descriptors are community nurse activities.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 1

TOP: Activities of the Home Health Nurse

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

19. Which question is an appropriate choice for the director of nurses to ask a nurse with an artificial leg who is applying for a staff position in an extended care facility?
- a. "How long have you had your prosthesis?"

- b. "How many flights of stairs are you able to climb without assistance?"
- c. "Are you able to lift a load of 45 lb?"
- d. "Has your disability caused you to miss work?"

ANS: C

Queries to disabled job applicants can be made relative to specific job functions, but they cannot be asked relative to the severity of the disability or the degree of disability in general.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 8 TOP: ADA
KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A MSC: NCLEX: N/A

20. A good friend of a licensed practical/vocational nurse (LPN/LVN) confides that she is in a serious romantic relationship with a man the LPN/LVN had as a patient when he was diagnosed with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The policies of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) prevent the nurse from warning her friend. Which term describes this situation?
- a. Moral dilemma
 - b. Moral uncertainty
 - c. Moral distress
 - d. Moral outrage

ANS: C

Moral distress occurs when a nurse feels powerless because moral beliefs cannot be honored because of institutional or other barriers.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 1 TOP: Moral Distress
KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A
MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

21. A nurse reminds a resident in a long-term care facility that he has autonomy in many aspects of his institutionalization. Which situation is an example of autonomy?
- a. Selection of medication times
 - b. Availability of his own small electrical appliances
 - c. Smoking in the privacy of his own room
 - d. Application of advance directives

ANS: D

The application of advance directives is an autonomous decision. Agency protocols relative to medication times, access to private electrical devices, and smoking are rarely waived; these policies are not in the control of the resident.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 2 TOP: Autonomy
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation
MSC: NCLEX: Psychosocial Integrity: Coping and Adaptation

22. Which action is an example of an LPN/LVN exhibiting beneficence?
- a. Removes defective equipment from the patient's room.
 - b. Willingly works extra shifts during a staff shortage.
 - c. Adheres to agency policy.
 - d. Joins the National Association for Practical Nurse Education and Service (NAPNES) and attend educational seminars.

ANS: A

Beneficence means promoting good and reducing harm. Removing defective equipment demonstrates that the LPN/LVN is reducing possible harm to the patient. Working extra shifts, adhering to policy, and joining NAPNES are personal values, not beneficence.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 1 TOP: Beneficence
KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A MSC: NCLEX: N/A

23. An LPN/LVN is educating a group of nursing students regarding values demonstrated in their nursing practice. Which area of the LPN/LVN's life identifies where the base of these values is derived?
- Nursing school education
 - Family influence
 - Peer relationships
 - Agency policies

ANS: B

The family shapes values that are demonstrated in later life. These values may be enhanced or challenged by life experiences, but the base is forged in the family.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge OBJ: 1 TOP: Values
KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A MSC: NCLEX: N/A

24. One obstetric nurse remarks, "I don't see how these young single women can keep on having babies without being married. Everyone knows a child needs a father." Which term identifies what this nurse is exhibiting?
- Ethnocentrism
 - Moral uncertainty
 - Values clarification
 - Professional concern

ANS: A

Ethnocentricity is the belief that one's own culture and values are superior to those of another. Such statements are based on values clarification and, perhaps, on moral outrage.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 5
TOP: Ethnocentrism/Values Clarification KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A
MSC: NCLEX: N/A

25. A nursing student asks the instructor to define the philosophical stand of utilitarianism. Which example should the instructor provide?
- An army officer sacrifices six paratroopers to save 100 prisoners of war.
 - A priest burns down his church because it was defiled by Satanists.
 - A mother jumps off a cliff with her baby to avoid being captured by Indians.
 - A soldier murders captured enemies to prevent their divulging military secrets.

ANS: A

The sacrifice of six to save 100 is an example of the greater good. The other options are based on the philosophy of deontology.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: N/A TOP: Utilitarianism
KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A MSC: NCLEX: N/A

26. An LPN/LVN explains to a patient that the hospital has an institutional ethics committee. Which main function is true of this committee?
- Preside over policy implementation.
 - Revoke the license of someone who violates the law.
 - Solve personnel disputes.
 - Ensure that hiring adheres to ethnic equality.

ANS: A

The main job of the institutional ethics committee is to preside over the implementation of agency policy.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 8

TOP: Institutional Ethics Committee KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

27. An LPN/LVN charts that "the patient is drunk and acting in a crazy manner." The team leader cautions the LPN/LVN that this documentation is not appropriate. Which charges of commission of the intentional tort is this an example of?
- Assault
 - Wrongful publication
 - Defamation of character
 - Invasion of privacy

ANS: C

Charting or saying unsupported defamatory statements can lead to tort litigation.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge OBJ: 1 TOP: Torts

KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

28. When an LPN/LVN assists an older woman to stand after a fall in a shopping mall parking lot, the woman twists and sprains her ankle. Which factor protects the LPN/LVN from litigation or an unintentional tort?
- Hospital malpractice insurance
 - Good faith agreement
 - Good Samaritan law
 - Personal professional insurance

ANS: C

The Good Samaritan law protects individuals who assist at an accident scene if they act in good faith. Professional insurance is not in effect because the actions were not performed while the LPN/LVN was on duty.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 8 TOP: Torts

KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A MSC: NCLEX: N/A

29. An LPN/LVN trimmed the toenails of a patient with diabetes too short, which results in a toe amputation from infections. Which term identifies what the LPN/LVN guilty of ?
- Unintentional tort
 - Intentional tort
 - Negligence

d. Malpractice

ANS: D

Malpractice occurs when an unintentional tort causes an injury to a patient.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 1 TOP: Malpractice
 KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A MSC: NCLEX: N/A

30. Which situation must an LPN/LVN acquiring a signature on a surgical informed consent document ensure?
- The patient is not sedated.
 - The physician is present.
 - The family member is a witness.
 - The signature is in ink.

ANS: A

Before surgery, the consent form must be signed before any preoperative sedation is administered. A sedated person cannot give a valid consent.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 1 TOP: Informed Consent
 KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A
 MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

31. A physician has written an order for Synthroid, 137 mg. The LPN/LVN is aware that the drug is measured in micrograms. Which action should the nurse implement?
- Transcribe the order as if it were written in micrograms.
 - Notify the nursing supervisor.
 - Transcribe the order as written.
 - Call the prescribing physician.

ANS: D

The LPN/LVN may call the physician to clarify the order but may not alter the written order in any way. The order for the correct dose will be written as a new order.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Application OBJ: 11 TOP: Doctor's Orders
 KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A
 MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

32. A physician has written an order for morphine sulfate, 100 mg. The LPN/LVN inquires if he meant to write 10 mg. The physician confirms that he meant 100 mg. Which action should the LPN/LVN implement?
- Call a member of the hospital administration.
 - Refuse to transcribe the order.
 - Call the pharmacist.
 - Notify the nursing supervisor.

ANS: D

In the event of a physician's refusal to clarify a questionable order, the LPN/LVN should notify the nursing supervisor to intervene.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Application OBJ: 11 TOP: Doctor's Orders
 KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A
 MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

33. Which of the following indicate the correct steps in solving an ethical dilemma?
- Plan an approach, visualize the consequences, take action, evaluate the outcome, identify the problem
 - Take action, visualize the consequences, identify the problem, plan an approach, evaluate the outcome
 - Evaluate the outcome, plan an approach, visualize the consequences, take action, identify the problem
 - Visualize the consequences, identify the problem, take action, evaluate the outcome, plan an approach

ANS: C

To solve an ethical dilemma, one must clearly identify the problem, plan an approach, visualize the consequences, take action, and evaluate the outcome.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

OBJ: 1

TOP: Solving an Ethical Dilemma

KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A

MSC: NCLEX: N/A

MULTIPLE RESPONSE

1. Which care skills are safe and appropriate for the licensed practical nurse (LPN) to teach family members in the home health care setting? (*Select all that apply.*)
- Insulin injection
 - Sterile dressing changes
 - Venipunctures
 - Periodic Foley catheter insertions
 - Instillation of eye drops
 - Changing dressings on small wounds

ANS: A, E, F

Insulin injections, instillation of eye drops, and small wound dressing changes are safe to teach a nonprofessional caregiver. Sterile dressings, venipunctures, and inserting Foley catheters are considered skilled, and the costs for these are reimbursed by Medicare.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

OBJ: 3

TOP: Skills Taught by Home Health Nurse

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Planning

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Safety and Infection Control

2. The nursing care plan in a long-term care facility calls for the documentation of regressive behavior of a newly admitted 82-year-old resident who has had congestive heart failure and osteoarthritis. Which assessment information should be documented as regression? (*Select all that apply.*)
- Talks nonstop to staff and other residents.
 - Wets and soils self several times a day.
 - Wakes in the middle of the night and is unable to return to sleep.
 - Wears the same clothes day after day.
 - Cries frequently for no apparent reason.

ANS: B, D, E

Behaviors that are infantile or immature in the absence of dementia are considered regressive. Frequent episodes of crying and inattention to personal hygiene are regressive in nature. Excessive talking and wakefulness may be related to relocation anxiety, but they are not considered regressive.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Analysis OBJ: 10 TOP: Impact of Relocation
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment
MSC: NCLEX: Psychosocial Integrity: Coping and Adaptation

3. Which situations result in most quality-of-care problems in home health care? (*Select all that apply.*)
- Patient's noncompliance
 - Family's reluctance to participate in the care
 - Inadequate documentation
 - Limited funding
 - Defective communication among care team members

ANS: C, E

Inadequate communication and incomplete documentation create most of the quality-of-care problems.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 2
TOP: Communication in Home Health Setting
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation
MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

4. An 80-year-old man is newly admitted to a long-term care facility and suddenly becomes incontinent of urine at night. Which nursing interventions should be used to help restore self-toileting? (*Select all that apply.*)
- Waking the resident every 2 hours and escorting him to the bathroom
 - Leaving a night-light on
 - Discouraging the use of long-legged pajama bottoms
 - Placing a urinal at the bedside
 - Keeping the room uncluttered

ANS: B, C, D, E

Providing light in an uncluttered room, encouraging clothing that does not impede self-toileting, and making the urinal available increase independence and alleviate situations that make self-toileting difficult. Waking a resident not only disturbs his or her rest, but doing so also increases dependency on the staff.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Application OBJ: 1
TOP: Independence in Long-Term Care Center
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Planning
MSC: NCLEX: Physiological Integrity: Physiological Adaptation

5. On which principles are health care ethics based? (*Select all that apply.*)
- Autonomy
 - Fidelity
 - Professionalism
 - Justice

e. Nonmaleficence

ANS: A, B, D, E

Health care ethics are based on autonomy, fidelity, beneficence, justice, and nonmaleficence.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge OBJ: 1 TOP: Health Care Ethics

KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation

MSC: NCLEX: Safe, Effective Care Environment: Coordinated Care

6. Which elements describe how values clarification support nursing practice? (*Select all that apply.*)
- Guides decision making.
 - Gives insight to patients.
 - Enhances peer relationships.
 - Helps understand him or herself.
 - Gains the confidence of supervisors.

ANS: A, B, D

Values clarification gives a person a foundation for moral decisions and insight into self and others.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension OBJ: 1 TOP: Values Clarification

KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A MSC: NCLEX: N/A

7. An LPN/LVN arrives on duty at 0700 and is faced with the ethical dilemma of inadequate staffing for the day shift. Which actions describe how the LPN/LVN should invoke a “safe harbor”? (*Select all that apply.*)
- Immediately file a written protest with administration.
 - Leave duty.
 - Refuse the assignment.
 - Call hospital administration.
 - Suggest that the nursing assistants (NAs) file a written protest.

ANS: A, E

Filing a written protest relative to short staffing provides the “safe harbor” for the LPN/LVN and protects his or her license. Nonacceptance of the assignment or leaving duty is considered abandonment. Suggesting that the NAs file a similar protest is an effective action.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Application OBJ: 11 TOP: Inadequate Staffing

KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A MSC: NCLEX: N/A

COMPLETION

1. The nurse clarifies that an impairment that creates a measurable diminished capacity to work is a(n) _____.

ANS:
disability

When there is a measurable impairment that changes the individual’s lifestyle, it is referred to as a disability.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge OBJ: 7 TOP: Rehabilitation Concepts
KEY: Nursing Process Step: Implementation
MSC: NCLEX: Health Promotion and Maintenance: Coordinated Care

2. The values that direct human behavior and are concerned with defining right from wrong are known as _____.

ANS:
ethics

An individual's ability to define right from wrong is based on a value system called ethics.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge OBJ: 1 TOP: Ethics
KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A MSC: NCLEX: Psychosocial Integrity

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