

***McKenzies An Introduction to Community and Public
Health 10th edition Seabert Test Bank***

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Chapter: Chapter 02 - Quiz

Multiple Choice

1. The power to arrest someone who refuses to undergo treatment for a communicable disease lies with a:

- A) community health nurse.
- B) member of the local board of health.
- C) local health officer.
- D) scientist within the NIH.

Ans: C

Complexity: Moderate

Ahead: Governmental Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: The local health officer has far-reaching powers, including the power to arrest someone who refuses to undergo treatment for a communicable disease.

2. Agencies that are funded primarily through tax dollars are referred to as:

- A) governmental agencies.
- B) voluntary agencies.
- C) philanthropic foundations.
- D) professional associations.

Ans: A

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Governmental Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: Governmental agencies are primarily funded through tax dollars. Voluntary agencies are funded with private donations. Philanthropic foundations are endowed institutions. Professional associations are funded primarily by membership dues.

3. Raising money to fund their programs, providing education, providing service to those affected, and advocating are the basic objectives of:

- A) philanthropic foundations.

- B) voluntary health agencies.
- C) professional health organizations.
- D) social, service, and religious organizations.

Ans: B

Complexity: Moderate

Ahead: Nongovernmental Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: Voluntary health agencies share four basic objectives: (1) to raise money to fund their programs, with the majority of the money going to fund research; (2) to provide education both to professionals and to the public; (3) to provide service to those individuals and families that are afflicted with the disease or health problem; and (4) to advocate.

4. Which agency maintains records, analyzes disease trends, and publishes epidemiological reports on all types of diseases?

- A) National Institutes of Health (NIH)
- B) Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ)
- C) Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)
- D) Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)

Ans: C

Complexity: Moderate

Ahead: National Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: Once known solely for its work to control communicable diseases, the CDC now also maintains records, analyzes disease trends, and publishes epidemiological reports on all types of diseases.

5. An example of a quasi-governmental health organization is:

- A) the National Institutes of Health.
- B) a county health department.
- C) the National Science Foundation.
- D) the American Cancer Society.

Ans: C

Complexity: Moderate

Ahead: Quasi-Governmental Health Organizations

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: Examples of quasi-governmental agencies are the American Red Cross, the National Science Foundation, and the National Academy of Sciences.

6. Nongovernmental health agencies are funded primarily by:

- A) private donations.
- B) tax dollars.
- C) fees for services.
- D) grants from the state health department.

Ans: A

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Nongovernmental Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: Nongovernmental health agencies are funded by private donations or, in some cases, by membership dues.

7. The contributions of religious groups to community health have been:

A) substantial.

B) minimal.

C) relatively ineffective in the past 100 years.

D) expensive.

Ans: A

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Nongovernmental Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: The contributions of religious groups to community and public health have been substantial.

Examples of religious groups' contributions include the Shriners' children's hospitals and burn centers and the Lions' PreK-12 educational program, "Lions Quest."

True/False

1. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) is an institute under the National Institutes of Health (NIH).

Ans: False

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: National Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) is an institute under the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

2. Voluntary health agencies were created in Europe.

Ans: False

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Nongovernmental Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: Voluntary health agencies are an American creation.

3. Historically, communities have always taken aggressive actions to deal with health issues.

Ans: False

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Introduction

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: For much of history, community and public issues were addressed only on an emergency basis.

4. Highly organized and developed resources in our national institutions and organizations can be a hindrance for communities to respond effectively to their own problems.

Ans: True

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Introduction

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: Better community organization and careful long-term planning are essential to ensure that a community makes the best use of its resources for health but may be hindered by highly organized and developed resources in our national institutions and organizations.

5. One of the World Health Organization's most noteworthy achievements was helping to eradicate smallpox.

Ans: True

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Governmental Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: At one time, smallpox was the world's most feared disease. A collaborative global vaccination program led by the World Health Organization helped eradicate the disease.

6. The Department of Health and Human Services is the only entity under the federal government that plays a role in our nation's health.

Ans: False

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Governmental Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: Although the Department of Health and Human Services is the primary national health agency, other federal agencies, such as the Department of Agriculture, the Environmental Protection Agency, and the Department of Labor, also contribute to the betterment of our nation's health.

7. The core functions of public health are utilized by state health agencies.

Ans: True

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Governmental Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: The purpose of each state health department is represented in the core functions of public health, which include assessment of information on the health of the community, comprehensive public health policy development, and assurance that public health services are provided to the community.

8. Local health departments are responsible for restaurant inspections.

Ans: True

Complexity: Moderate

Ahead: Governmental Health Departments

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: Restaurant inspections are an example of mandated services carried out by local health departments.

9. Philanthropic foundations spend most of their efforts on fundraising.

Ans: False

Complexity: Moderate

Ahead: Nongovernmental Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

Feedback: Philanthropic foundations are endowed institutions that have money to give away, and therefore no effort is spent on fundraising.

Essay

1. Describe the organization of the World Health Organization (WHO).

Ans: Membership is open to any nation that has ratified the WHO constitution and receives a majority vote of the World Health Assembly, which is composed of member nations. The WHO is administered by staff, including a director-general, a deputy director-general, and seven assistant directors-general. Staffing is done to ensure political balance.

Complexity: Moderate

Ahead: International Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

2. List at least two federal agencies other than the Department of Health and Human Services that contribute to the betterment of our nation's health, and explain how they do this.

Ans: The Department of Agriculture inspects meat and dairy products and coordinates the WIC program. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) addresses safety and health in the workplace.

Complexity: Moderate

Ahead: National Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

3. Explain one way a state health department can be at the disposal of local health departments.

Ans: State health departments have laboratory services and diagnostic testing procedures available that are too expensive for local health departments to maintain.

Complexity: Difficult

Ahead: State Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health

4. List three categories of nongovernmental health agencies.

Ans: Voluntary, professional, philanthropic, service, social, religious, corporate

Complexity: Moderate

Ahead: Nongovernmental Health Agencies

Subject: Chapter 2

Title: Organizations that Help Shape Community and Public Health